Implementation of stack push and pop

public class stak{  
 static int *n*=6;  
 static int *top*=-1;  
 static int *stack*[]=new int[*n*];

//this is to push an element into stack

public void push(int x)  
 {  
 if(*top*==*n*)  
 {  
 System.*out*.println(" stack is overflow ");  
 }  
 else {  
 //  
 *top*=*top*+1;  
 *stack*[*top*]=x;  
 }  
 return;  
 }

// this is to pop an element   
  
 public void pop()  
 {  
 if(*top*<0)  
 {  
 System.*out*.println(" stack is underflow ");  
 }else {  
 int x=*stack*[*top*];  
 *top*=*top*-1;  
 }  
 }

// this is to print elements in the stack

public void Pushprint()  
 {

for(int i =0;i<=*top*;i++){  
 System.*out*.print(" "+ *stack*[i]);  
 }  
 }  
  
 public static void main(String[] ars)  
 {  
 stak s=new stak();  
 s.push(5);  
 s.push(6);  
 s.push(70);  
 s.pop();  
 s.pop();  
 s.Pushprint();  
 }  
}